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CHURCH AND STATE

By AGATHA L. BREWER
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Cawky Jack was the sobriquet applied to one of the most villainous demons that ever infested any of the territories belonging to the United States. His name was said to be John Biggers, but that was only surmised from the fact that on one occasion, having killed a man and been arrested, he had been called upon to give his name and had given that one.

For a long while Cawky Jack was accustomed to put people out of his way by means of small round leaden balls. It was a very inexpensive way of doing it, and at the time there was no one in a position to make objection. But the original venomous nest occupied by Jack grew to be a hamlet, then a town with a church.

The deacons of the church finally came to consider that the place had outgrown Cawky Jack. He must either be reformed or got rid of. At a meeting of the deacons it was decided to send a committee to the desperado to announce to him that he must either come within the fold of the church or stop killing people or "git out." Jack went back word that he was not prepared to become a Christian and he didn't propose to leave a place in which he had lived so long and "whose byondard he had done so much to fill."

At a meeting of the deacons to hear the report of the committee Deacon Riggs from Tennessee, who before his conversion had done the next most to Jack in filling the said byondard, got up and spoke as follows:

"Brethren, I reckon we've all air reckoned to the fact that the shiner must be removed, pervided it kin be done accordin' to Scripture. Now, I hold that the good book doesn't enow forbid us to strike down the enemies of the Lord. It does say that the who smites with the sword shall perish by the sword; or words to that effect. But whar, I'd like to know, does it say anything about the revolver? I move that after prair we resolve ourselves into a committee to go forth, and the first one of us that meets Cawky Jack opens fire."

The speaker sat down, and Brother Hargan arose.

"I think," said Hargan, "that I kin name a better way than that. I recemend that we offer a twenty dollar bill to any man as 'll shoot Cawky Jack."

Since nobody wished to take a personal part in the job, the motion found favor with the brethren. Hargan was empowered to make the offer, and the meeting adjourned.

The next morning a notice appeared on the church door stating that anybody who would shoot Cawky Jack would receive \$20 from the church funds. The object of this notice, scattering by the church, saw it and read it. He went on very thoughtful. The next day he expressed a desire to meet the deacons, and they agreed to meet him that evening in a wing of the church used for a Sunday school room. When they were assembled Jack arose and said:

"I appreciate the effort o' you gents in tryin' to make this yere a respectable community. But I alius hearn thur's no gov'ment so low down as the gov'ment o' the richious. The church is fer spiritual work; the law is fer gov'ment. Now, if you gents wish to organize a court in this yere town as 'll make a law agin carryin' weapons I'll be the first to drop mine."

Since this was coming in another way at what the committee wanted, they agreed to the proposition, called a public meeting, and a court was effected. Cawky Jack swore out a warrant against the deacons, charging them with conspiracy with intent to kill him. The people were somewhat taken aback at this proceeding on the part of the legally reformed Cawky Jack, but the newly elected officers saw no way to proceed except in accordance with the statutes. The deacons were all arrested, but immediately bailed.

Their counsel, a real lawyer imported for the purpose of defending them, informed them that a long term of imprisonment was the penalty fixed for their crime and the proof was undisputed. They unanimously decided to return to Deacon Riggs' plan.

The Tennesseean was himself the first man to meet Cawky Jack after the decision.

"Howdy, deacon?" said Jack.

"Howdy, Jack?" replied the deacon.

"How is the law workin'?"

"First rate. It's church and state together. The law says 'Carry no weapons.' The church says 'Smite him by hand and thigh.'"

There was a report and Jack fell dead.

This removed the prosecutor of the deacons, and a nolle prosequi was entered.

The little wooden church on whose door was tacked the offer for the elimination of Cawky Jack is now an eminently respectable stone edifice, and its worshippers are refined people. Its founders seemed to realize that the moral incidents attending their early efforts in its behalf were crude, for in the "byondard," now the cemetery connected with it, is a marble headstone on which is inscribed:

Cawky Jack.
A victim in the cause of religion.

A MIGHTY PROJECT.

Features of the Pennsylvania Railroad

Terminal Just Opened.

The opening recently of the new Pennsylvania railroad terminus, occupying four city blocks in New York, calls attention again to this mighty project. The station has sixteen miles of railway lines, which are sunk forty feet below the ground. The building is 774 feet long, 433 feet wide and sixty-nine feet above the ground, which figures give one some slight idea of its magnitude. The trains run in a



NEW PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD TERMINUS, tunnel under the Hudson river and the East river, while the daily capacity will be about 2,000,000.

According to the company's official statement, the Pennsylvania station covers more territory than any other building ever constructed at one time in the history of the world. The Vatican, the Tuileries, the St. Petersburg Winter palace are larger buildings, but they have been centuries in their construction. The Pennsylvania station is unique, covering as it does eight acres of ground, with exterior walls extending approximately one-half of a mile all told.

Why She Had Not Wed.
Young Bride—You don't know how happy I am. I wonder why you never married, my dear Miss Old Maid.

Elderly Spinster—My poor child, I've always said I never could wed until I met a man different from all other men and full of courage.

Young Bride—Of course you could not. How stupid of me to know!

Going Some.

The New Hat Tree—And you're a centenarian? By George! Aside from a few cracks in your face, you hold your age mighty well. What's the secret?

The Grandfather's Clock (serenely)—I keep regular hours and always find something for my hands to do.—Puck.

Three Conditions.

Holliness is an infinite compassion for others. Greatness is to take the common things of life and walk truly among them. Happiness is a great love and much serving.—Olive Schreiner.

Contentment is always perched on the round of the ladder just above you.

THE REED STATUE.

Memorial Erected in Portland to Former Speaker of House.

A national figure of a few years ago and one whose reputation was not confined to his own country was honored in his home city, Portland, Me., recently when a bronze statue of the late Thomas B. Reed, for many years speaker of the house of representatives, was unveiled. The memorial stands on the western promenade over-



MEMORIAL TO THOMAS B. REED.

looking Casco bay, is eight feet high and represents Reed in an attitude of repose, with a scroll in the left hand.

The pedestal is of Maine granite, nine feet high. The memorial was modeled in Paris by Burr C. Miller, who not only worked from accurate photographs, but who had the advantage of having seen Mr. Reed many times during his congressional career and who met him frequently after his retirement from public life. It gives a fine idea of the statesman as he looked up to about two years before his death. The cost was about \$40,000.

Esperanto and the Police.

We may poke fun at Esperanto, but have you heard the latest? So many, it is said, are using the language that the police in many cities are now to be taught it in order that they may reply intelligently to the Esperantist who is in need of their services. As it now stands, what would happen to a man who walked up to a "cop" on the corner and said aggressively: "Lan uia prag?" Why, he would immediately be battered into insensibility. In Washington, during the meeting of the Esperanto congress, one of the members from a foreign country asked a bluecoat in Esperanto to be directed to the capitol. How that visitor would have praised our police abroad if he could have been sent on his way rejoicing! Instead, believing himself insulted, the indignant officer shook his club and shouted: "Put an egg in your shoe and beat it!" While the police are struggling with the new language, however, it would be just as well for us to find our own way about.



"BEAT IT!"

Money Boxes.

Money boxes to encourage thrift among the penny wise are ancient and popular institutions. A dictionary of 1555 mentions "money boxes of potter's clay wherein boys put their money to keep," and doubtless the thrifty child of all ages had his money box of some sort or another. Of late years tin has been the favorite material, but the writer has recollections of an elaborate earthenware thatched cottage, into which the money was dropped through a slit in the roof, which only toilette patience could hit again when it came to wriggling the money out. As a lock-up investment that cottage was unequaled.—Glasgow Herald.

12 BEEF BARONS TO BE INDICTED.

Federal Grand Jury in Chicago Will Hand In True Bills Within Two Days.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Indictments against no fewer than twelve "beef barons" will be returned by the federal grand jury within two days. They will be charged with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law in organizing a combination in restraint of trade.

The crisis in the so-called "beef trust" investigation came late Tuesday, following President Taft's departure from Chicago. There was much scurrying at the federal building following the report. Justice Landis held a long conference with Special Assistant District Attorney Wilkerson. District Attorney Sims also was among the arrivals, cutting short his vacation at Saginaw Bay, Mich.

With the "filling of the lid" as to the grand jury's plans came another well-founded report, that three bills against packers had been voted.

The National Packing company, the \$15,000,000 corporation which the government charges is operating in violation of the anti-trust law, is to bear the brunt of the grand jury's attack. Officers of the concern, the majority of whom are connected with other stock yards concerns, are said to be among those under fire. Four more witnesses are to be heard in the inquiry. They are eastern men.

ONLY TWO EVENTS.

Grand Circuit Races at Charter Oak Bogus.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 8.—For the first time since the opening of the Connecticut state fair on Wednesday night it was possible to run some of the grand circuit races at Charter Oak park. The 2:12 pace and the 2:14 trot were won respectively by Joe Boy and Biza in straight heats.

There were five starters in the first heat of the 2:13 trot, in which Oran and Husky broke badly at the half mile and both were distanced. Biza and Bervardo were making a close race of it in the stretch, when the latter broke and Biza went under the wire by a neck.

The second heat was also close, the three horses being lunched until a short distance from the finish, when Biza let out and won by a narrow margin.

The 2:42 pace with only three starters, was easy for Joe Boy.

The racing committee has decided upon the following program for to-day: 2:20 trot, 2:09 Charter Oak, \$10,000 stake; 2:03 pace, and 2:11 trot.

If the track is in good condition as is expected, Urban will try to break the track record driven to a wagon.

CALLS IT HARVESTER TRUST.

Commissioner Brace of Missouri Decides Against International.

Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 8.—Special Commissioner Theodore Brace, in his report to the supreme court in the outer suit, filed Tuesday, declared the International Harvester company of New Jersey a trust and a combination formed for the purpose and with the effect of destroying competition in the manufacture and sale of harvesting machinery. The International Harvester Company of America, is declared to be used merely as a selling agent by the New Jersey company in evasion of the Missouri laws, which prohibit the licensing of the New Jersey concern by reason of its enormous capital of \$120,000,000.

The subsidiary corporation, according to Commissioner Brace, once had capital and now has none, and its existence as a separate corporate entity is a mere fiction to evade the law.

The commissioner found that the McCormick Harvester company, Deering Harvester company, Warner, Bushnell, Gleason & Co., Plano Manufacturing company, the latter being a respondent, were in active competition prior to 1902.

One May Overcome

constipation permanently by proper personal co-operation with the beneficial effects of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, when required. The forming of regular habits is most important and while endeavoring to form them the assistance of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is most valuable, as it is the only laxative which acts without disturbing the natural functions and without debilitating and it is the one laxative which leaves the internal organs in a naturally healthy condition, thereby really aiding one in that way. To get its beneficial effects, buy the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is never classed by the well-informed with medicines which make extravagant and unfounded claims to cure habitual constipation without personal co-operation.

BALLINGER CONDEMNED?

Tangled Meeting of the Committee

SENTIMENT OF MAJORITY

Against the Secretary—Samuel McCall Left to Avoid Voting—Held That the Full Committee Should Be Present.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—At an executive meeting of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee yesterday, Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida, a Democrat, introduced a resolution holding that Secretary of the Interior Ballinger was an unfaithful public officer and should be removed. Representative Madison, the Republican insurgent from Kansas, offered a resolution holding that the charges which have been made by Gifford Pinchot and Louis Glavis, a former chief of a field division of the general land office, were sustained. Representative James, Democrat, of Kentucky, offered an amendment to Mr. Madison's substitute resolution, providing for the removal of Mr. Ballinger from office, and Mr. Madison accepted the amendment.

The vote came upon the substitute of Mr. Madison, as amended by the motion of Mr. James, and the roll was called. Those voting for the substitute were: Fletcher, W. E. Purcell of North Dakota, a Democrat; Representative James W. Graham of Illinois, Democrat; Representative Madison, Republican, and Representative James.

When the vote was being taken, Senator George Sutherland of Utah, Republican, and Representative Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts, Republican, left the committee-room, insisting that the full committee should be present. The Democratic members replied that they had been months considering the evidence, that a quorum was present and had a right to transact business. Senator Nelson, chairman of the committee, took the vote, voting present himself, and then made the ruling that no quorum was present.

Mr. James made the point of order that no member had raised the point of no quorum. The committee then took a recess until Friday at ten o'clock, at which time reports in keeping with the resolution of Senator Fletcher and the amendment thereto offered by Mr. Madison will be submitted.

PAPAL LEGATE FAINTED.

Cardinal Vannutelli Collapsed While Receiving Visitors.

Montreal, Sept. 8.—Cardinal Vannutelli, the aged representative of Pope Pius X at the eucharistic congress, last night fainted in the midst of a brilliant reception given in his honor by the Canadian government.

There were four thousand persons in the great drawing room of the Windsor hotel when Sir Charles Murphy, the secretary of state, caused the announcement to be made that the prelate was unable to continue the reception. Half an hour later, however, the legate said that he was quite himself again and wished to return to the drawing room. But Dr. Guerin, mayor of the city, advised him to abandon the reception, and he was taken to the episcopal palace.

Cardinal Vannutelli had received perhaps 1,500 persons when he collapsed. He had intended to attend a night service at Notre Dame, and the structure was packed to capacity—about 15,000 persons—and five thousand more were gathered outside, when word came that the cardinal would be unable to be present.

Mgr. Bruchesi also intimated that it might be necessary to cancel several of the minor engagements of the legate, for it was evident his strength was being taxed. Yesterday morning he preached in the city prison, and in the afternoon he attended the provincial government celebration at which he paid a warm tribute to non-Catholics of Canada. All of this taxed his strength greatly, as he is 74 years old.

INSURE WAGES AND HOURS.

New York Labor Man Advocates Municipal Board to Decide Troubles.

New York, Sept. 8.—At a meeting of the committee on labor and wages at the New York congressional commission Tuesday, John J. Flynn, the chairman, a well known labor leader, advocated the appointment of a municipal board of mediation and conciliation, to regulate differences between capital and labor and to insure all workers proper wages and reasonable time for rest and recreation.

Last Fight of Chicago Fire.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Capt. Joseph O'Donohue, the only fireman who fought the big fire of 1871 on the city pay roll, is dead. He was 67 years old, and was in active fire service 22 years.

FOR BABY'S SAKE USE

E. S. SYKES
Comfort
ANTISEPTIC
LIQUID
POWDER

Then his skin will be free from itching, chafing, scalding, rashes, and all soreness. The original and best baby powder. For twenty years Comfort Powder has been considered the standard of perfection by thousands of New England physicians, nurses, and mothers who use no other.

Look for the name E. S. SYKES on every box. Note genuine white mark.

ALL INDIGESTION GOES IN ABOUT FIVE MINUTES

Distress from Heartburn, Gas, Dyspepsia and Other Stomach Misery Vanishes After Taking a Little Diapain.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache—this is indigestion.

A full case of Diapain costs only 50 cents and will thoroughly cure your out-of-order stomach and leave sufficient about the house in case someone else in the family may suffer from stomach trouble or indigestion.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula plainly printed on these 50-cent cases, then you will understand why Diapain trouble of all kinds must go, and why they usually relieve sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. Diapain is harmless, and tastes like candy, though each dose contains power sufficient to digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but, what will please you most is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation.

This city will have many Diapain cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be cranked about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever try a little for indigestion or gastritis or any other stomach misery.

Get yourself now, this minute, and forever rid yourself of stomach trouble and indigestion.

NOT UNTIL JANUARY

Will Hattie LeBlanc Be Placed On Trial, It Is Thought.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 8.—District Attorney Higgins announced yesterday that the trial of Hattie LeBlanc, the French girl who is charged with the murder of Clarence F. Glover, the Wall Street laundryman, in Wall Street last November, probably will not be held before next January. The grand jury of Middlesex county is now in session and as soon as its findings have been returned there will be a session of the criminal court.

In November, the district attorney will have to argue against exceptions taken in several murder cases, including those of Chester Jordan, charged with killing his wife; Thomas Mantrif and James Delory, who are accused of murdering Annie Mullins, and Mrs. Elizabeth Richmond, the Cambridge woman who was convicted of killing Stewart McTavish.

Another session of the criminal court sits in December and, at present, it is the belief of Mr. Higgins that the LeBlanc case cannot be reached before January.

SHORTAGE FOUND

And Former Deputy Collector Charged With Embezzlement.

Boston, Sept. 8.—A shortage discovered in the city of Boston has led to an investigation by city collector Howland S. Parker and the books are being examined to determine the exact amount of the deficit.

The alleged shortage is charged to a former deputy collector of the department and it is said that he has confessed to the embezzlement of more than \$600. City collector Parker admitted that one of his deputies had embezzled money and had been forced to resign.

The collector would make no statement further than saying that the matter was being investigated.

INSURGENTS LOSE.

Late Returns Indicate Their Failure In Nevada.

Reno, Nev., Sept. 8.—Late returns point to the failure of an insurgent movement, confined to two candidates on the Republican ticket and a factional revolt on the Democratic ticket reported in nearly every office to be voted for.

Indications so far are that the Democrats have nominated for United States senator Key Pittman, and for governor, D. S. Dickerson, incumbents.

This ticket was opposed by James G. Sweeney, justice of the supreme court, who aspired to the Senate, and Frank R. Nicholas, seeking the governor's office.

Charles S. Sprague was nominated for Congress over Robert L. Hubbard, according to the latest reports. On the Republican side, W. A. Massey defeated T. L. Oddie in a close race for governor.

MISS CORCORAN STILL ILL.

Girl for Whom Bradford Killed Self Not Married Yet.

Great Barrington, Sept. 8.—The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Corcoran of Great Barrington and Joseph Kelley of Pittsfield, both telegraphers, which was to have taken place this week, has been postponed for two weeks at least. Miss Corcoran is confined to her bed, being in an extremely nervous condition following the suicide at South Framingham, of Gamaliel Bradford, Jr., who was infatuated with her.

She was at the South Framingham hospital for a time, but has been at her home here for a few weeks. Up to a few days ago, Miss Corcoran was able to be out again, and Mr. Kelley took out a marriage license last week. Miss Corcoran has suffered another attack, however.

INQUIRY ON EASTERN RATES.

Interstate Commerce Board Opens Two-day Session In New York.

New York, Sept. 8.—Inquiry was begun yesterday by the interstate commerce commission, into the question of increased freight tariffs for railroads east of Mississippi and north of Ohio and Potomac rivers. Commissioner Lane said yesterday that he does not expect the hearings here to last more than two days and that the Chicago hearing will be resumed on Sept. 19. There was a large number of railroad men present, including Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio, and John B. Thayer, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad, when the meeting was called for business. The crash of railroad officials and counsel in the case was too large for the room, and an adjournment had to be taken until yesterday afternoon, when the commission met in an upstairs hotel.

Magazine Review

The Vegetable Cellar.

Pay particular attention to the cool cellar for vegetables. Build it on the shady side, in the coolest corner, and provide it with an outside window for ventilation, says a writer in *Suburban Life* for September. If you wish to have your vegetables keep the longest possible time, remove the potatoes, cabbage, turnips and the like from the crates or barrels and spread them out on racks or bins provided for the purpose. Do not keep your preserves in the ordinary cool cellar. Build a separate closet for them, in a dark, cool corner, without outside light. Use artificial light instead, as the strong light from out-of-doors will spoil the preserves.

A Good Reason for Insurgency.

In an announcement of an important series of articles upon the subject by that pre-eminent authority, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, and which are to begin shortly in the *American Magazine*, the editor of that periodical says in its September issue:

"The popular judgment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill grows more severe with each passing month. Instead of quieting the tariff question, it has made it more restive. Instead of reassuring business, it has dealt it one of the heaviest blows in years. All of which is logical enough. It is a bogus revision, and every man of sense knows that we will get no permanent settlement of this matter until a genuine, searching, informed revision has been made. He knows that by shirking its duty the Taft administration has lost the country years of time. Here is the real basis of the anti-Taft sentiment—the good reason for insurgency."

How to Hang Pictures.

"Pictures should be hung about on the general eye level, and this rule must be remembered and adapted to the eye level of a child when hanging pictures in a child's room or nursery," says Lucy Abbott Throop in *Woman's Home Companion* for September. "The pictures will not be noticed at all if hung too high. Pictures should be grouped according to the simple rule of balance. Taking a central vertical axis on a wall, pictures of equal size and general similarity of tone and color value will balance at equal distances from the center. If one has one fairly large picture to balance with several smaller ones, the heavy one is to be nearer the center, and this will keep the feeling of balance. If you watch children on a see-saw, it will explain this. A heavy boy is on one end, he moves nearer the center, and several smaller boys may be needed to make the balance perfect. A large picture is usually most effective when placed alone in a space with its center coinciding with the center of the space. Two large pictures, one on each side of a mantelpiece, for instance, give a feeling of restfulness and dignity by the perfect balance. Pictures should be grouped in such a way that they have a relation to each other, are balanced on a center and in this way are made to tell as a whole. It is a useful rule to heed when they are divided by a space exceeding the width of length of the objects themselves. For instance, two pictures each one by two feet when hanging one above the other must not be more than one foot apart, and not more than two feet apart when side by side.

"Pictures should be hung from two hooks and there should never be a triangle formed by the wire and the top of the picture-frame. The construction lines of the room are straight and the picture wires should also be straight. It is better not to leave the support of small pictures show, as it makes too great a complexity of wires. Tacks or small picture nails may be used, according to the size and weight of the picture."

DECIDES ON AMERICANS

Persian Council Will Have Financial Advisers from This Country.

Teheran, Persia, Sept. 8.—The national council has decided almost unanimously to employ American financial advisers instead of Frenchmen, as had previously been agreed upon.

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This ticket was opposed by James G. Sweeney, justice of the supreme court, who aspired to the Senate, and Frank R. Nicholas, seeking the governor's office.

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